

NO Calculator is allowed for this exam!

1. Perform indicated operations, if defined. If the result is not an integer, express it in the simplest form a/b , where a and b are integers. State "Not possible" if so.

(a) $\frac{5}{6} - \frac{3}{4}$

(b) $\frac{3}{3 + \frac{1}{3}}$

(c) $7^{-1}9^{-1}$

(d) $\left(-\frac{10}{3}\right)\left(-\frac{6}{5}\right)$

(e) $9^{3/2}8^{1/3}$

(f) $(1 + \sqrt{2})^2$

2. If $f(x) = -x^3 + 5x^2 + 5x - 3$, find $f(-2)$.

3. Evaluate the value of $\frac{-b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$ if $a = 1, b = -3, c = -2$.

4. Simplify.

(a) $(x^3 - 2) - [2x^3 - (3x + 4)]$

(b) $\frac{x}{3y} - \frac{x}{2y}$

(c) $\frac{16x^3y + 8x^2y^3}{4x^2y}$

5. Factor $x^2 - 5x + 6$ and solve $x^2 - 5x + 6 = 0$.

6. Solve for x.

(a) $x^2 + x = 1$

(b) $2x - \frac{1}{10} = 0.3$

7. The following equation relates Celsius degrees to Fahrenheit: $F = \frac{9}{5}C + 32$. If $F = 24^\circ$, then $C = ?$

8. Which are correct? If correct, then show the work briefly.

Otherwise, give some counterexamples showing that is wrong and make it correct if possible.

(a) $(x + y)^2 = x^2 + y^2$

(b) $(x - 1)(x - 3) < 0$ implies $x - 1 < 0$ and $x - 3 < 0$.

(c) $\frac{1}{x + y} = \frac{1}{x} + \frac{1}{y}$

(d) $\frac{3x^3 - x}{x} = 3x^3$

(e) $\sqrt{x^2 + y^2} = x + y$

(f) $\sqrt{16} = \pm 4$