Those who work with Scrivener's collations published in *A Full and Exact Collation of About Twenty Greek Manuscripts of the Holy Gospels* (London, 1853) and *An Exact Transcript of the Codex Augiensis* (Cambridge, 1859) find it somewhat inconvenient to identify the manuscripts according to Gregory numbers (Scrivener indicates them by letter). Once one knows where to obtain the necessary information, it is not difficult to identify the manuscripts, but the task is still inconvenient. Aland's *Kurzgefasste Liste der Griechischen Handschriften des Neuen Testaments*, Arbeiten zur Neutestamentlichen Textforschung (Berlin, 1963), is of great assistance, but it is not possible to identify all the manuscripts through this list alone. While it correlates the sigla of Tischendorf to Gregory, von Soden to Gregory, and Gregory to von Soden, and although the index of libraries is helpful, nevertheless one must go elsewhere for some of Scrivener's manuscripts. Aland's list must be supplemented by the first volume of Scrivener's *A Plain Introduction to the Criticism of the New Testament*, 4th ed., edited by Edward Miller (London, 1894). For the Apocalypse, use must be made of the list found in the second volume of H. C. Hoskier's *Concerning the Text of the Apocalypse* (London, 1929). These last three works will henceforth be indicated simply by the last name of each author.

The two lists below have been provided to facilitate identification of the manuscripts indicated by letter and collated by Scrivener in the first two works mentioned above. With the identification, Scrivener's description of the manuscript according to location is given, as is also documentation regarding the source for making the identification.
1. Manuscripts Collated in Scrivener's *A Full and Exact Collation*

   a. Lambeth 1175 = Greg. 470. (*Note*: Manuscripts described in this way by Scrivener are relatively simple to identify. One need only go to Aland's index of libraries arranged according to place. Thus, Lambeth Palace is located under London and since the Gregory number is placed beside the library number, one needs only to locate the latter under this heading to make the identification. A more cumbersome way would be to look in the Index of Scrivener's *A Plain Introduction*, where a similar arrangement by place is provided, and then check the manuscript number in the appropriate section. Thus in this instance, the information will be found in Aland, p. 409, and Scrivener, p. 249, no. 509. Scrivener gives the Gregory number, which is accurate for the Gospels; but for the other sections of the Bible the numbers are not correct, since he uses the old Gregory numbers.)


   k. Codex Wordsworth = Greg. 479. Scrivener, p. 253, no. 542. According to Aland, p. 393, this manuscript is now at Selly Oak Colleges Library in Birmingham.


2. Manuscripts Collated in Scrivener’s *An Exact Transcript of the Codex Augiensis*

*Manuscripts of the Gospels*


P. Parham Evangelistarium Unciale, No. 18 = Greg. lec 181. Scrivener, pp. 343-344, no. 234. According to Aland, p. 408, this manuscript is now British Museum Additions 39602.


*Manuscripts of the Acts and Catholics and Pauline Epistles*

a. Lambeth 1182 = Greg. 206. Aland, p. 409. The Gregory numbers given in Scrivener no longer match the present Gregory numbers since a new system is now in use.


e. Lambeth of the Acts of the Apostles = Greg. 1518. Scrivener, p. 298, no. 186, thinks this must have been Lambeth 1181. The identification is based on this assumption. Aland, p. 409.


g. Codex Theodori = Greg. 488. Same as q of previous list.

h. Codex Wordsworth = Greg. 479. Same as l of previous list.

i. Codex Butler 2. British Museum Additional MS 11837 = Greg. 201. Same as m of previous list.


m. Codex Leicestrensis = Greg. 69. Same as L of Gospels (above).


o. Cantab. Mm. 6.9 = Greg. 440. Same as v of Gospels (above).

Manuscripts of the Apocalypse


b. Butler 2, Add. MS 11837 = Greg. 201. Same as m in previous list and h above.


f. Codex Leicestrensis  = Greg. 69. Same as l of Gospels and m of Acts and Catholics above.

g. Parham no. 17 = Greg. 2040. Scrivener, p. 324, no. 95; compare with Hoskier, p. 15. It is possible to identify all of Scrivener's manuscripts of the Apocalypse by first checking his index to obtain his number for that manuscript and then checking that number in Hoskier, who has five columns giving the number of the manuscript according to Hoskier, Scrivener, Gregory Old, Gregory New, and von Soden respectively. However, except for this manuscript and for h and m, it would be faster to go to Aland's index of places and libraries.

h. Parham, no. 2 = Greg. 2041. Scrivener, p. 324, no. 96; compare with Hoskier, p. 15.


Incidentally, Codex Augiensis is described by Scrivener as B.17.1 of the Library of Trinity College, Cambridge. Thus, according to Aland, p. 394, this is Greg. 010.