“God’s message—never more than an arms length away”
This Sabbath, your offering supports evangelistic TV. Every week, It Is Written Oceania (IIWO) and Record InFocus programs are broadcast across Australia, New Zealand, the Pacific islands and around the world through free-to-air TV (including Channel 7 and 9 in Australia), on satellite TV and streamed over the web.

IIWO has become a cherished part of mainstream society. Featuring local stories and a local presenter has proved to be a winner in a Christian media market dominated by American televangelists. After switching to a local host and presenting genuine Aussie and Kiwi stories, requests for material and Bible studies from IIWO viewers tripled.

"My life has been completely changed as a result of being brought to Christ... This probably would not have happened if not for the It Is Written TV program."

—IIWO viewer
August 10, 2013

7 Secrets of Success
What Russia’s business leaders taught me about success

14 Two Missionaries—Worlds Apart
27 Infidelity In Disguise
28 Names, Names, Names

ISSN 255003/09614
Some of Russia’s most prominent business leaders may not know it, but their secrets of success come straight from the Bible.

Adventist Education
By Ted N. C. Wilson
In the service of God and humanity

Two Missionaries—Worlds Apart
By Gary Tetz
Patients a half world away benefit from the medical mission of White Memorial Medical Center.

A Packet of Seeds and Kingdom Principles
By Carol Tasker
God’s varied miracles in the Adventist work in the South Pacific

The fragile link between the past and the future

The importance of understanding the Bible as it reads.
Heaven Applauds

She was one of the most successful women I’ve known, but she rarely had money to put a full tank of fuel in the car or adequate food on her table.

She had a bright, inquiring mind, but many of those to whom she ministered never grasped her skill with words or playfulness with language.

Her thought could penetrate the deep things of God, exploring texts and prophecies with clarity and force. But it is love, not logic, she is still remembered for.

I can’t forget the sight of Judy walking slowly toward her aging car each Sabbath after worship services. Usually alone, she would eat cold sandwiches and fruit, pausing only long enough to collect her thoughts before the afternoon of ministry ahead of her.

Ten miles and 30 minutes away she would begin her every-Sabbath-afternoon routine. In winter it meant clearing snow off the cracked sidewalk that led to the tiny sanctuary, and lighting the oil-burning stove; in summer, opening the windows and chasing out the wasps. By 3:00 a round of visits had begun, picking up the elderly and unsteady in her car, helping them up the steep stairs.

Judy was the chorister. Judy was the Sabbath school teacher. Judy was the preacher three weeks out of four, off-duty only when an ordained pastor—like me—would come. And then, of course, she took each member back home when Sabbath services were done.

Month in, month out; year in, year out, this saint redrew my picture of success. Her name will never grace a large endowment for the poor, for she was frequently among them. Her thought will never be collected in a book of wisdom for the ages, for it was, like her Savior, mostly stories that she told. Success for Judy was faithfulness, a patient following of Jesus amid the poor, the elderly, the marginalized. I honor her, as do the dozens whom she blessed.

As you read this month’s cover meditation on success, remember to affirm those whom heaven applauds—like Judy.

WORLD REPORT

Visually Impaired Adventist Is New Jamaican Senate Leader

Floyd Morris made history in Jamaica’s parliament when he became the first visually impaired person appointed president of the Jamaican senate, parliament’s upper house.

The 44-year-old Seventh-day Adventist Church member is well known in the Caribbean island nation for his advocacy on behalf of the disabled community.

In his address during his May 17, 2013, swearing-in ceremony, Morris quoted Micah 6:8, the memory verse of the Seventh-day Adventist quarterly lesson for the past week: “He has shown you, O man, what is good; and what does the Lord require of you but to do justly, to love mercy, and to walk humbly with your God.”

In an interview Morris said the appointment was proof of God’s faithfulness, and it came despite years of uncertainty about his life’s direction.

“What has transpired has proven to me once more that my God is real,” he said.

Jamaica’s prime minister, the Most Honourable Portia Simpson-Miller, said in an interview that she has “always admired Senator Morris’ strong sense of ethics, discipline, and principled conduct.”

“I think the senate will benefit tremendously from his leadership, and I have no doubt he will continue to be an inspiration to many, both here in Jamaica and across the globe” Simpson-Miller said.

Morris hosts the radio program Seeing From a Different Perspective, and jogs each workday with the aid of his driver. He became Jamaica’s first blind senator in 1998.

Morris began losing his sight at age 17 as a result of glaucoma, and went completely blind six years later.

He gained assistance from the Jamaica Society for the Blind, where he learned to read and write braille. He has since completed a bachelor’s degree in mass communication and a master’s degree in philosophy of government. He is now pursuing a Ph.D. in political communication.

“Persons with disability must realize that we are living in an era

Continued on next page
where opportunities for the empowerment of people with disabilities are vastly improving, especially within the context of the U.N. Convention on the Rights of Persons With Disabilities,” he said.

He added that one of the main goals of this parliamentary year is the passing of the National Disability Act, which he has championed since 1998.

Everett Brown, president of the Adventist Church in Jamaica, said the nearly 275,000-strong membership in the country was justly proud of Morris’ appointment.

“Despite his visual handicap, Senator Morris has always demonstrated his faith in God and strong Christian will to achieve, despite the odds,” Brown said. “We are sure that his commitment to his Christian ideals, coupled with his love for the Jamaican people, and his impeccable character, will enable him to serve the senate with distinction.”

Roughly 10 percent of Jamaica’s population is Adventist, and members hold prominent posts throughout government and business. Adventist Church member Sir Patrick Allen is the nation’s governor-general.

—reported by Nigel Coke, Jamaica Union

Kenya’s Adventist Students Get Sabbath Off, High Court Rules

Kenya’s high court has issued an interim order for public schools to exempt Seventh-day Adventist students from attending classes on Saturday, the day Adventists observe as the biblical Sabbath.

The immediate order comes during a case involving the Adventist Church’s Kenya Union Mission against the Ministry of Education and 26 schools said not to be following the constitutional guarantee of practicing one’s religion.

“We as leaders of the Kenya Union are happy and satisfied with the court case’s progress now that the educational institutional leaders will respect the constitution and stop denying Adventist students public service that the government intends to offer all Kenyans,” said Samuel Makori, executive secretary of the Kenya Union. “We hope the judge will rule in our favor because we are asking for what is provided in the bill of rights in our constitution.”

Makori said church leaders took the matter to court in July of 2012 only after extensive diplomatic efforts didn’t work.

“We engaged Adventist lawyers who handled the case both with patriotism and loyalty to their country,” he said.

Makori told The Standard newspaper that several students have been suspended at public schools for not attending classes and exams held on Saturday. “We paid legal expenses from church money so we could obtain justice for our young people,” he later said.

Seventh-day Adventists observe the biblical Sabbath from sunset on Fridays to sunset on Saturdays.

Steve Bina, communication director for the Adventist Church’s East-Central Africa Division, said he hoped the ruling would be an example for other countries to follow. Bina said Adventist students in several other countries within the division are experiencing similar problems with some public school officials.

—reported by Adventist News Network

Adventist Pastor Elected Swiss Bible Society President

Delegates of the Swiss Bible Society elected Seventh-day Adventist theologian Reto Mayer as the organization’s president during their May 24, 2013, meeting, making him the first Adventist appointed to the post in the society’s 58-year history.

Mayer, an associate treasurer of the Adventist world church’s Inter-European Division, based in Bern, Switzerland, has served as the society’s vice president since 2005. The Adventist Church joined the society in 1982.
“I hope that people see [the Bible] as an invitation from God, inviting them to live a personal relationship with Him,” Mayer told the Swiss Bible Society in a May 24, 2013, interview. “The distribution of the Bible is close to my heart, so it’s a pleasure for me to participate in this work.”

The Swiss Bible Society was founded in 1955 succeeding the former coalition of Swiss Bible Societies. Today the society has 45 members, among others, cantonal evangelical-reformed churches, the Old-Catholic Church, independent evangelical churches, cantonal Bible societies, Christian societies, and working groups in Switzerland that share the society’s charter of Bible distribution.

The society promotes standards for translation, production, and distribution of Bibles in Switzerland and the Principality of Liechtenstein.

The Swiss Bible Society works with more than 146 national Bible societies united as the global United Bible Societies to bring the Bible in easy and modern language and form closer to the people.

**Ongoing Adventist Aid to Syrian Refugees Includes Women’s Clinic, School**

The Adventist Development and Relief Agency (ADRA) has offered assistance to hundreds of refugee families fleeing the ongoing conflict in Syria with a targeted focus on unregistered refugees, an agency official said.

Over the past year ADRA has offered cash assistance to more than 100 families to help cover rent in neighboring Jordan, said Thierry Van Bignoot, ADRA’s director of emergency management.

The agency also partnered with the government of Germany to distribute winter clothing to some 3,500 families living in the Al Zaatari refugee camp in Mafrac Governorate in Jordan.

For two years refugees have fled Syria’s civil war, which has killed more than 90,000 people, according to the United Nations. More than 1.5 million people have fled—many to Jordan, Lebanon, and Turkey.

Van Bignoot said ADRA estimates the number of refugees is higher because many have not registered.

“Some people are afraid to give their names for fear of retribution,” Van Bignoot said.

The agency last year partnered with ADRA Middle East North Africa and the Jordanian Hashemite Charity Organization to offer 100 Jordanian dinars (approximately US$140) each month for three months to unregistered families for lodging. Many are staying with designated host families, while some have found basement rooms or small apartments.

The assistance helped people such as Amara, who told local ADRA officials that she came to Jordan with her five children while her ex-husband remained in Syria with his new wife. With the extra cash she was able to pay rent for an unfurnished and unheated apartment. She said she was also able to buy some necessary medication for her heart problems.

Another recipient was a man named Musa, who came to Jordan with his wife and six children. Their finances have been depleted since they sold the last of their gold jewelry that they had brought from home.

ADRA has identified other needs in the region and is now implementing a project to provide gynecological and obstetrical care to Syrian refugee women in West Bekaa, Lebanon. In Beirut the agency is planning a school that would provide half-day classes to refugee children, who are without education. Another project proposes a mobile clinic in the Jordan Valley, an area where few nongovernmental organizations are involved.

“The needs are huge,” Van Bignoot said.

He estimated that more than 70 percent of refugees are women and children. Many men have stayed behind in Syria, he said.

—reported by Ansel Oliver, Adventist News Network
Say that 240 Seventh-day Adventist administrators from the Inter-American Division (IAD) gathered for a conference on risk management and don’t be surprised to get a few yawns in response. Could there be a less-interesting topic? some might ask.

But explain that the delegates—from 37 countries and territories spanning Mexico, Central and South America, as well as the Caribbean—learned how to protect the mission of the Seventh-day Adventist Church in their communities, and a subject first thought of as boring might actually become riveting.

The three-day seminar, organized by church-owned Adventist Risk Management (ARM) was held, at the IAD’s suggestion, at the General Conference world headquarters in Silver Spring, Maryland. Delegates were presented with a variety of seminars on safety, liability issues, protecting children and young people, and, yes, insurance. But holding an insurance policy is not the answer to risk management, said Arthur F. Blinci, an ARM vice president and the firm’s chief risk management officer.

“Insurance is the broom that comes to clean up the mess after the loss has occurred,” Blinci said. “If somebody’s lost their life because of the negligence of the supervision of an activity, no amount of dollars will bring that life back,” he added, explaining why loss prevention is so important.

Bancroft Barwise, treasurer of the Jamaica Union Conference in Mandeville, Jamaica, said that minimizing risk and preventing losses is central to managing the work of a church that counts nearly 275,000 Jamaicans as members—a substantial percentage in the island nation.

“The fewer losses you sustain, the more money there is for the mission of the church,” Barwise said. In Jamaica, he added, the Seventh-day Adventist Church can “least afford losses, given our [national] economic situation,” which has been plagued by an uneven economy in recent years.

And it’s not just the swings in the economy that concern Adventist leaders in Jamaica; the weather is another factor.

“We anticipate hurricanes every year,” Barwise said, “and they’re getting more and more violent.” He added that the church is also concerned about hurricane damage to members’ homes as well as individuals’ safety.

Barwise said that as a union treasurer, he often links risk management with stewardship in presentations to local conferences and churches, since both are important ways of managing resources for ministry.

“This event has given me tools and made me more aware of potential dangers and preventative measures,” Barwise said. “It’s made me more proactive since our country is one with a lot of risks” in terms of churches built in danger-prone areas. He said he was “very concerned about the potential for loss of life” and how to mitigate that risk.

At the Central American Adventist University in Alajuela, Costa Rica, risks and insurance needs are different—and growing—according to Carlos Cima, the school’s financial affairs vice president.

The school’s 400 students are largely from Central America, but are now including those from South America and the United States seeking a quality education at a lower price. Since there is no government health insurance for the students, the school needs to provide this on its own, Cima said.

“It’s very helpful to know more on how to prevent loss and take responsibility over the assets of the church and how to protect our students against different risks,” he told Adventist World.

Florencio Suarez, treasurer of the Central Mexican Union, said the ARM seminar gave him insights into two areas: information and influence.

He said, “We need information to see what has happened in the past so
we can learn and train local church leaders at every level to deal with any risk that may affect the church’s work.”

Suarez continued: “Because of these meetings, I understand that we need to extend leadership’s influence at every level of the church. We need to have moral authority for those who serve and belong to the church, so we can take care of our members, who are of the highest value.”

Such sentiments reflect ARM’s philosophy, as articulated by Bob Kyte, the company’s president: “Everything we talk about is ministry,” he told attendees as the conference opened. “I tell people that our ministry is protecting yours.”

Adventist Risk Management, Inc., is the risk management company for the Seventh-day Adventist Church, the largest global denomination headquartered in the Washington, D.C., area. It provides risk management services and insurance product solutions to assist the church in eliminating oversights that can lead to costly accidents. ARM employs 130 people around the world, and is online at www.adventistrisk.org.

Cooper Offers Leadership Lessons

LEADERSHIP PRESENTER: Seventh-day Adventist pastor Lowell Cooper, a general vice president of the world church who also leads the Adventist Risk Management board, speaks to IAD delegates about leadership during the June 2013 conference.

One of the most popular series of presentations during the IAD ARM conference was the series by Seventh-day Adventist pastor Lowell Cooper, who chairs the ARM board and also is a general vice president of the world church.

Speaking on several aspects of leadership, Cooper began with “A Leader’s Code of Conduct,” saying leadership is not only about “how you do things, but also what kind of person you are.” He challenged his hearers to ask themselves, “What kind of person does God call me to be?”

In this initial one-hour presentation, Cooper stressed seven elements of that code: humility, integrity, trust, respect, accountability, collaboration, and excellence. Regarding integrity, Cooper said, “It takes the inner life to anchor the public life,” noting that a “crisis does not develop character; it reveals character. Character is developed in the quiet moments of our lives.”

Echoing business thinker Stephen M. R. Covey, son of the late Seven Habits author, Cooper noted that “trust is the most important trait in the leadership of voluntary organizations.”

“One local problem could metastasize across an organization,” he said. “Leaders, we have to act in ways to build trust in the church.”

And on the subject of excellence, Cooper urged his hearers that the “motivation is not rivalry to be the best, but because God’s work merits excellence.”

“The presentation from Pastor Cooper was very much to the point about our leadership and doing out best,” said Carlos Cima, financial vice president of the Central American Adventist University.

—MARK A. KELLNER
The *Times Higher Education* (THE) magazine, based in London, is a trusted authority on higher education around the world. Each year, THE publishes the “World University Rankings,” the “only global university performance tables to judge world-class universities across all of their core missions—teaching, research, knowledge transfer, and international outlook.”

Well-known names top the list: University of Oxford, University of Cambridge, Massachusetts Institute of Technology, Harvard, Princeton, Yale, Stanford...

These institutions have a long history of providing outstanding educational opportunities and producing world-class leaders. Numerous Nobel prizes in chemistry, physics, medicine, literature, and peace have been awarded to those associated with these high-ranking educational institutions. Leaders in government, finance, science, philosophy, and other disciplines have graduated from these highly competitive, prestigious schools.

These well-known educational institutions are united in their goals of serving society as centers of higher learning, advancing knowledge and research, and challenging their students to develop their full “intellectual and human potential.”

Our Purpose

The Seventh-day Adventist Church is also deeply committed to quality education. With its 7,883 schools, colleges, and universities, we have the largest Protestant educational system in the world. Why should we make such an investment in education? Simply put, it is because we want our children, youth, and adults to gain more than what the world can offer them.

“Higher than the highest human thought can reach is God’s ideal for His children,” writes Ellen White in the book *Education* (p. 18). “The world has had its great teachers, men of giant intellect and extensive research, men whose utterances have stimulated thought and opened to view vast fields of knowledge; . . . there is One who stands higher than they. . . . Every gleam of thought, every flash of the intellect, is from the Light of the world” (*ibid.*, pp. 13, 14).

While the educational systems of the world seek to impart knowledge, Seventh-day Adventist education seeks to acquaint students with the Source of all knowledge. While the world hypothesizes about origins, we teach that “in the beginning God created the heavens and the earth” (Gen. 1:1)

Adventist education provides a meaningful worldview built around Creation, the Fall, redemption, and re-creation, and is derived from the Bible and the inspired counsel of Ellen G. White. Within the context of this worldview, students are encouraged to develop and grow in a wholistic way—spiritually, physically, intellectually, and socially. Service to God and others is emphasized. Restoration of the image of God in every human being is the object of education and life. It strengthens character, fortifies the mind against evil, and prepares the learner for service to God and others.

The Core Mission

Within a decade of the formal organization of the Seventh-day Adventist Church, our church’s founders realized the importance of a divinely balanced education built on the principles of God’s Word, and the imperative of educating children and youth to exert an influence for God in the world. Foremost in projecting the vision of Adventist education was Ellen White, who outlined a visionary yet practical philosophy and mission for Adventist education in her 30-page essay “Proper Education” (1872). She later expanded this work in her books *Education* (1903) and *Counsels to Parents, Teachers, and Students* (1913).
The core Adventist philosophy is that education should be redemptive, for the purpose of restoring human beings to the image of God. Basic Seventh-day Adventist understanding is that the foundation of all true education is a knowledge of God. Mental, physical, social, and spiritual health, intellectual growth, and service to humanity are the essential core values. By focusing on the important mission of providing a biblically based, wholistic, mission-driven educational experience, Seventh-day Adventist education has grown from a small church school in Battle Creek, Michigan, in 1872, to a worldwide network of 7,883 schools, colleges, and universities today.

 Millions of students ranging from prekindergarten through doctoral level have benefited from their Adventist educational experience, and many have gone on to serve the world as medical professionals, teachers, pastors, relief workers, business professionals, and in other service-oriented capacities.

**Small or Large**

While we know that education begins in the home, it is important for the local church to understand that young people aren’t just children of their parents—they are children of the church. When a church can collectively assist its children, that’s a magnificent thing! I would encourage congregations to provide educational assistance to students who want to attend a Seventh-day Adventist school.

Whenever possible, I encourage churches to have their own local church school—even if it is just a one-room school. I attended the first grade in a small church school in Beirut, Lebanon, where I learned the basic skills of a student. It has been shown that small and multigrade schools actually produce very good scholars, and that students aren’t educationally deprived in what may appear to be a limited arrangement.

In more recent years there has been a lessening of commitment to make certain that a Seventh-day Adventist education is available for every Adventist student. As of 2012 the ratio of baptized members to Seventh-day Adventist students in Adventist schools was only four students per 100 members.³

Let’s renew the creative ways to encourage our own Adventist students to receive the many benefits of receiving a Seventh-day Adventist education—even if it means creating a one-room school.

In areas where there are many Adventist schools, it may not be practical for every church in the area to have its own school. For example, the church where I attend—Triadelphia, in Clarksville, Maryland—doesn’t have its own church school. However, we offer a subsidy to all church members whose children are attending a local church school, so that they are able to receive the discounted constituent rate for their student(s).

Many Adventist high school and college/university students are studying on secular campuses. There can be some great advantages in that these students can be valuable witnesses to many people at their institutions. However, unless we as a church take care of these young people and engage them in mission outreach training, they will often be overwhelmed by their secular environments, unless they are deeply committed to staying close to Jesus.

**Keeping Adventist Schools Adventist**

Over the years Adventist education has attracted recognition by government authorities in many countries, and the support of numerous families of other faiths who are sending their children and young people to Adventist schools. In fact, today more than half of the students currently enrolled in Adventist schools come from non-Adventist homes.

In our own schools, having non-Adventist students can be a wonderful mission opportunity, provided that the school has a strong Seventh-day Adventist faculty and staff. Unfortunately, however, some of our higher educational institutions are drifting toward hiring more non-Adventist teachers while at the same time accepting higher and higher percentages of non-Adventist students.

I am urging all college and university administrations to make it a priority, as much as possible, to hire only Seventh-day Adventist faculty.
and staff; otherwise you will not be fulfilling your mission, and you will find your institution redundant.

But even where mistakes have been made, there is hope. In the Review and Herald, January 9, 1894, Ellen White wrote that when students “see no difference between our schools and the colleges of the world, and have no preference as to which they attend, though error is taught by precept and example in the schools of the world, then there is need of closely examining the reasons that lead to such a conclusion. Our institutions of learning may swing into worldly conformity. Step by step they may advance to the world; but they are prisoners of hope, and God will correct and enlighten them, and bring them back to their upright position of distinction from the world.”

Seventh-day Adventist Christian education is absolutely indispensable. In spite of the challenges with which its leaders wrestle, Adventist education is a tremendous blessing. Many of us are products of that education. Let’s not lose it. Let’s help it to grow, and for those who are on a secular campus, let’s help them to be strong in the Lord, encouraging them not to be “conformed to this world, but be transformed by the renewing of your mind, that you may prove what is that good and acceptable and perfect will of God” (Rom. 12:2).

GLOW: Giving Light to Our World

Giving Light to Our World—GLOW—is an outreach initiative that originated in California, United States, and has since branched out to other world divisions. It’s based on the concept of church members distributing GLOW tracts—free of charge—at every opportunity. The tracts are currently being printed in 35 languages.

Here are two short stories that depict lives touched by GLOW:

**STORY 1:** Netherlands: A man named Danny had been sharing his faith with his hairdresser, particularly regarding the seventh-day Sabbath. During one visit, while the woman was cutting his hair, Danny began reading and making notes in his Bible. That initiated another conversation about the Sabbath. The woman asked several questions, which a second client overheard. That client then became part of the “Bible study” as well. Danny left some religious literature with the hairdresser, including numerous GLOW tracts. The hairdresser planned to give them to other clients.

**STORY 2:** Philippines: While touring the island of Bohol, a young man named Justin wore a GLOW T-shirt on which were printed the words “I’ll give you $5 if you ask me for a Bible pamphlet and I don’t have one.” One of the other tourists noticed the T-shirt and asked for a pamphlet. Justin gave him one. Then another man asked for a pamphlet as well. Some other people wanted more than one so that they could share the pamphlets with others. Justin’s unique method of witnessing certainly attracted attention and resulted in the distribution of many GLOW tracks.

Stories compiled by United States’ Central California Conference GLOW director Nelson Ernst. To find out more about GLOW, go to sdaglow.org.
Where’s the Balance?

By Allan R. Handysides and Peter N. Landless

With the increasing evidence supporting a vegan diet, why do you still talk about a well-balanced vegetarian diet and include only a lacto-ovo diet in that concept?

Your question is well taken and is on a topic to which we have given much honest thought and discussion among ourselves as health ministries leaders.

To be perfectly frank, we believe both a well-balanced vegan diet (no meat, eggs, or dairy products) and a well-balanced lacto-ovo vegetarian diet (no meat but does include dairy and eggs) are both excellent diets. Writing as we do for a global church, however, we must keep in mind that a much greater problem exists in many world regions compared to others when it comes to implementing a well-balanced vegan diet. To be well balanced, the vegan diet must contain vitamin B₁₂ supplementation, as well as sufficient amounts of vitamin D and calcium. A vegan diet can also increase the risk of developing osteoporosis as one grows older. The lacto-ovo vegetarian diet can also be problematic if it contains too much saturated fat and therefore results in poorer cholesterol profiles and higher body mass indexes. A careful management of either diet, however, can easily overcome these drawbacks.

Currently the Adventist Health Study II (AHS2) has not been able to demonstrate conclusively superiority of one over the other. The numbers are small, and longer-term follow-up is required; plus, benefits in cholesterol, weight, and potential secondary benefits for diabetes have not resulted in a clear advantage in the all-cause mortality category.

Proponents of the total plant-based diet often quote Ellen White in support of their beliefs. Much of her commentary was reacting to people promoting strict diets in her time. Statements such as “The time will come when we may have to discard some of the articles of diet we now use, such as milk and cream and eggs” were in the context of refuting the need to give up dairy and eggs rather than of a prophetic statement. Additionally, she used many statements encouraging the use of moderate amounts of dairy. Her principal message was against flesh foods.

We also urge caution when considering the use of what we would term “homemade drinks.” For example, North Americans can freely purchase fortified soy milk, yet in many parts of the world health promoters produce and sell “soy milks” that are actually “sugar bean juice.” Such drinks are without a nutrient content comparable to that of regular low-fat dairy. We cannot recommend such homemade drinks any more than we would recommend a fruit “drink” over a fruit “juice.”

We believe that there has been far too much argument and debate over these two types of diets. Instead, what we need to focus on is balance. Balance extends to more than the food on our plate; it also involves relationships with others as well as tolerance of one another’s differences. As the Bible so plainly puts it, life consists of more than food and drink (Luke 12:22-24).

“Where’s the Balance?”

When the grace of Jesus fills our hearts and lives, we are able to live joyfully and at peace with ourselves and with others. What we should strive to achieve are the health benefits of a peaceful, warm, and loving relationship with all God’s children—regardless of their dietary convictions.


Allan R. Handysides, a board-certified gynecologist, is director of the General Conference Health Ministries Department.

Peter N. Landless, a board-certified nuclear cardiologist, is an associate director of the General Conference Health Ministries Department.
One story starts in India, where a young, Bible-toting pioneer makes a commitment that will ripple through generations to follow. The other begins with an 8-year-old boy from Mexico new to America, wide-eyed at the possibilities.

Two kinds of missionaries, one whose calling took him halfway around the globe, and the other who saw a pressing need right in his own backyard. Though decades and continents apart, they’re connected by a desire to change the world for the better—and by White Memorial Medical Center (WMMC).

Named after Ellen White, White Memorial was founded in 1913 and celebrates its centennial this year. It was established in Boyle Heights, just minutes from downtown Los Angeles, California, U.S.A., not only to provide care for local residents, but also to train physicians, nurses, and other medical professionals for lives of global service. For a century and counting, its employees and graduates have delivered healing and hope to the world. To places like Narsapur.

A Heart for India

Dr. Theodore Flaiz was among the first Seventh-day Adventist missionaries to serve in India. He and his wife arrived in the little village of Narsapur, in the province of Andhra Pradesh, in 1915. They were young and very alone, but had a passion to share the gospel through education.

After building a mission school to teach local children, Flaiz established programs for worker training and literature evangelism. When the raja of Teleprole learned of Flaiz’s efforts on behalf of the local people, he offered him five acres of land, some unfinished buildings, and 10,000 rupees in cash and asked him to build a hospital in the nearby town of Nuzvid. The missionary agreed, and construction began in 1923.

Having witnessed the urgent need for health care in India, Flaiz made the decision to pursue more medical training (which included residency training at WMMC). Returning to India after graduation, he guided the growing hospital for several more years before becoming director of the worldwide medical work of the Adventist Church.

Today the little school has become Flaiz Memorial Seventh-day Adventist High School and College, and Giffard Memorial Hospital continues to serve the community as part of Adventist Health India.

Following the Ripples

The ministry of Dr. Theodore Flaiz was like a pebble thrown into a glassy pond, and the ripple effect of his commitment started with his two children, Ted and Mary June, both born in India. Ted spent nearly 30 years in overseas mission work as a dentist, and at age 92 continues to make several trips a year. Ted’s two sons, Richard and Doug, also chose careers as service-minded physicians, with Richard spending two years in residency at WMMC. Doug served several years practicing medicine in Ethiopia.

Mary June married Stanley Wilkinson, who also trained at WMMC, and the couple served for six years at the Adventist hospital in Karachi, Pakistan. Many of the children and grandchildren from both sides of the family have been back to India to support the groundbreaking work Flaiz began.

“I’m blessed to have my grandpa and father as such great role models,” says Richard, an otolaryngologist practicing in Hermiston, Oregon.
“Growing up with their examples made all the difference for our branch of the family tree.”

A Tradition of Service

Examples like that—of medical graduates like Flaiz who devoted their lives and skills to the church’s worldwide mission program—dot the history of WMMC. As a community of faith, the White Memorial culture has always been driven by service. While an exact count of WMMC-trained missionaries over the past 100 years is difficult to determine, the stories are plentiful and legendary.

But inspiring tales of international service represent only part of the WMMC narrative. From the beginning, even in times of struggle, the hospital chose to remain in Boyle Heights and care for its community. “The neediest people of our city and county have made a well-worn path to its doors,” wrote longtime White Memorial leader Dr. Percy Magan back in 1938.

A Return to the Neighborhood

When Hector Flores arrived in Los Angeles, he was only 8 years old. Like so many immigrants before and since, his parents came looking for opportunities. His dad was a busboy, and his mom, a hotel maid. Though they had no education, they knew it was the key to success and promoted it relentlessly. Hard work in high school paid off, and he attended Stanford University on a full scholarship. Though initially planning to be an engineer, Flores went into medicine instead and graduated from the University of California—Davis School of Medicine. His choice to practice family medicine was rooted in his family’s experiences. “What appealed to me was the opportunity to treat everyone regardless of his or her status in life,” he says.

Deeply driven by a mission to serve working-class, predominantly Latino communities like his own, Flores was drawn to WMMC when he discovered they were looking to establish a program to train physicians to work in underserved areas. It was the opportunity he’d been waiting for—to design a family medicine residency model that would attract doctors to Boyle Heights, and would bring greater care and access to its people, many of whom were uninsured.

Caring for the Underserved

Family medicine is one of five thriving medical residencies offered by the hospital under the sponsorship of Loma Linda University, and the underserved neighborhoods near WMMC have proven to be the perfect setting to maintain what is perhaps the most innovative and influential family medicine residency program in the United States.

The opportunity to provide care specifically suited to the health needs of Latinos is one of the benefits of the residency’s deep community roots. Flores is currently spearheading a pilot project to help redesign how care is delivered to patients with chronic diseases like diabetes. “It’s one of the leading contributors to death and disability in Boyle Heights,” he says. “Our vision is for WMMC to be a family resource center for wellness.”

“The personal sacrifice of those who have dedicated their lives to our community and world are a source of great inspiration,” says WMMC president and chief executive officer Beth Zachary, herself the daughter of missionary parents. “As we celebrate this milestone and look to the future, they remind us of the importance of holding fast to our mission.”

Insights into the life and work of Dr. Theodore Flaiz were drawn from Mary June Flaiz Wilkinson’s memoir, The Land My Childhood Knew, from the recollections of Measapogu Wilson in a 2010 Ministry magazine tribute, and from conversations with family members. A Journey of Faith and Healing, by Ronald D. Graybill, was the source of information and anecdotes regarding the White Memorial historical legacy of global mission service.

*To learn more, please visit whitememorial.com/centennial.

Gary Tetz is a senior writer for CMBell Company.
One seed. Insignificant and unappealing. Too small to attract attention—but Jesus noticed. In fact, He used tiny seeds to illustrate great kingdom principles. The kingdom of heaven is like a mustard seed—so small some of us need a magnifying glass to see what it looks like. And when we do focus on this tiny brown speck, there is no indication of what it may become.

But the growth itself is nothing short of miraculous—not only in size but in form. When a seed grows, it becomes, not just a bigger speck, but even a massive tree, providing shade for schoolchildren, a home for birds and monkeys. Or it may become a carrot, a pumpkin, or a mango tree bearing hundreds of mangoes—each with the capacity for growing more mango trees, with more mangoes. Kingdom multiplication principles at their best!

**Like a Mustard Seed**

Like a mustard seed, the Seventh-day Adventist work in Australia and the South Pacific began small. Just seven adults and four children from the United States sailed to Australia in 1885. A printing work began in Melbourne, along with the production of some health foods. In 1897 a fledgling school called Avondale was carved out of the bush by the first 10 students and four teachers, while the first Adventist hospital in Australia (the Sydney San) accepted a desperately ill local resident before it opened its doors in 1903. That first patient began a line of five generations of Adventists with the surname Butler.

Growth and fruit are natural results of planted seed. Five years later, in 1908, the first missionary group of three journeyed to Papua New Guinea. The first 12 years of long, hard, persistent work yielded a record of two converts. But from such unpromising beginnings, baptized church membership in Papua New Guinea now stands at 223,856, besides the thousands of children and young people in Adventist churches.

Surprisingly, the seeming lack of early success in Papua New Guinea did not deter the Australasian Union from sending a mission boat and workers to another island nation—the Solomon Islands—in 1914, as G. F. Jones and his wife sailed the *Advent Herald* around the Western Solomon Islands, establishing the first mission station at Viru Harbor.

**Solomon Island Miracle**

Almost 100 years later Solomon Island Mission (SIM) president Wayne Boehm and his son Jacob, annoy village chief Leonard by ruining his Sunday morning peace with the roar of their motorbikes. Chief Leonard’s reception is understandably cool. However, when Wayne presents the village with a simple packet of seeds, it is as though these villagers have just received a million dollars.

A friendship begins. Leonard brings around pawpaw and vegetables almost weekly in gratitude for the gift of seeds. More seeds are exchanged. Seeds mean so much out there—feeding families, generating school fees, paying for books and clothes. Dr. Silent (SIM health director) and other church members begin weekly Bible studies in the village. A Saturday afternoon meeting of 10 people soon turns into a branch Sabbath school of nearly 50. Leonard and his wife begin attending church meetings. They watch the new *Beyond the Search* video series. They are baptized in late 2012, and baptismal studies continue in his village. Here are true kingdom growth principles in action.

But the story doesn’t end there. Wayne tells us more:

“We were having land issues on the weather coast of Guadalcanal, where
we had built a church and needed to extend. Unbeknown to us, Leonard was the spokesperson for that area and had stopped the work on our church long before. Following his baptism, he returned to that other village to let them know that the Adventist Church has his permission to do what they wanted. Other family members now send their children to Leonard’s village for him to raise them in his wonderfully new way of life.

The mission president’s seeds of love had reached the one person who could resolve a longstanding problem and open the door to further evangelism in this remote area.

The Dorcas Women

Recognizing the needs of others can be a simple act, but with far-reaching consequences.

Take, for instance, the Dorcas women, who thought of having a weekend federation meeting in a hostile Anglican village. Recognizing the village had no drinking water, the Dorcas women raised funds and sent a gift ahead of the planned meetings—a water tank, complete with a group of Adventist men to install it.

The priest and congregation were stunned. Why would the Adventists care about their problem? Hearts were softened, and later when a Seventh-day Adventist youth group went there to camp (and quietly witness to the villagers), they were overwhelmed by the welcome and were invited to hold their Sabbath worship in the Anglican Church—with many locals attending! In turn they attended the Sunday church service, where the Adventist pastor was invited to preach. Many of the local youth told their newfound Adventist friends that they wanted to become Adventists because they are people of the Word and people of action. The head elder observed: “I was plotting and planning all of these ways to make a difference over there, but instead all I’ve been doing is running as fast as I can to keep up with God!”

The Kingscliff Church

At the heart of kingdom growth principles is a personal relationship with God. Seven years ago the members of Kingscliff Church in the North New South Wales Conference, Australia, were challenged to daily spend an hour of quality time with God, in Bible study and prayer. A number of families committed to this suggestion, and the rest is an exciting history of the Holy Spirit at work in the twenty-first century.

As the Holy Spirit has been given permission to work, hearts and lives, theology and behavior have changed. A desire to share Jesus in the community has led to three series of evangelistic programs, and 100 community members registered at the recent community health program. This medium-sized congregation (280-300) has become the second highest in tithe giving in the conference. Young people have put their careers and schooling on hold and committed themselves to three months of on-the-job training in evangelism. The salvation of the children has become a top priority for this church, and both men and women are involved in the seven divisions of children to youth divisions.

Church board operations afford a wonderful evidence of God’s presence at work. Pastor Marcus Mundall reports that in his five years there “only three times has there been even one dissenting vote at a church board or business meeting.” April Mundall, his wife, speaks of Kingscliff having “a wonderful spirit of unity like the early apostolic church.” They anticipate about 50 baptisms this year.

When I think of seeds, I think of the extravagant generosity of a God who gives far more than is necessary or expected. He delights in our company and wants our service. From small and insignificant beginnings, God wants to demonstrate what the Holy Spirit can supernaturally do through people totally committed to Him.

Carol Tasker is associate director of education for the South Pacific Division of Seventh-day Adventists.
Allow me to share an adventure that has led me to meet some of the most successful business leaders working in Russia. They are not Seventh-day Adventists; they may not even be Christian. But as I have interviewed them as part of my work as a journalist, I have come to understand that their biggest secrets for success come straight from the Bible—whether they know it or not.

Here are seven things I have learned:

1. **There are no “little people.”**
   - The president of Alfa Bank, the largest private bank in Russia, invited me to a barbeque at his villa outside Moscow one afternoon. Pyotr Aven, 58, who has built a personal fortune of $5.4 billion in the 20 years since the Soviet collapse, arrived in a chauffeured black Mercedes sedan, waved at his guests waiting in the garden, and walked straight over to a server standing in the garden behind a table loaded with fruit juice, mineral water, wine, open cigarette packs, and lighters.

   Aven shook the server’s hand and engaged in a brief conversation. The server was clearly pleased with the attention and smiled broadly. Then Aven came over to talk to us. After a few minutes a man wearing a tall white chef’s hat emerged from the villa, and Aven darted over to him, shaking his hand and chatting with him.

   As we ate later, I suggested to Aven that it was unusual for a billionaire to pay so much attention to the hired help. Aven paused and gave me a penetrating look. “You’re right,” he finally said. “But you know, most of my staff have worked for me for 20 years, and I have made it a tradition to greet them this way. This is why they have worked for me so long. They are loyal.”

   Lesson learned: “If you really fulfill the royal law according to the Scripture, ‘You shall love your neighbor as yourself,’ you do well; but if you show partiality, you commit sin, and are convicted by the law as transgressors” (James 2:8, 9).

2. **Manage time well.**
   - Patrick Ghidirim, 39, has his hands full with Agro-Terra, a corporate farming outfit he created that includes 1,000 employees, a half billion dollars in net assets, and 617,500 acres (250,000 hectares) of rich, black earth in central Russia. When I asked him about his source of inspiration, he confided that he carries around “a most incredible quote” that he jotted down during a meeting with legendary investor Warren Buffett at Harvard.

   “He looked at us at a session at Harvard and said, ‘Look, you guys will all be successful at some point; some more, some less. Don’t worry about that; don’t worry about success. Just remember one thing: You will eventually take on a lot of the characteristics of the people around you at the place where you end up working. Whether you like it or not, it will happen. So be very mindful and purposeful choosing the companies where you work. This is one of the most important choices you can make. Choose a company and surround yourself with coworkers whom you want to become like,’” Ghidirim told me.

   Knowing that the people with whom we spend time
also transform our minds, Ghidirim said he carefully weighs his use of time. “The older you get, the more each minute of your time becomes truly valuable,” he said. “As somebody said, there is one single, truly irreplaceable resource in life that we don’t appreciate. This is time, our own time. I want every moment of my time to matter.”

Lesson learned: “He who walks with wise men will be wise, but the companion of fools will be destroyed” (Prov. 13:20).

Vladimir Vilde, 51, a self-made multimillionaire who surreptitiously printed prohibited religious literature in Soviet times, builds $15 million palatial villas for the fabulously wealthy. I asked him how he manages to be successful without resorting to bribery and the other forms of corruption common in the business world.

“The answer is easy,” he said. “You must be professional under all circumstances, under any regime. When you’re living in an economy like ours, you must be very professional and always fulfill exactly what you promise. If you promise to hammer a nail into the wall and you hammer it well, you will be known as an independent, highly professional craftsman, wanted by many and able to command a good salary. You can build palatial villas, as I do. But I got this far only through small steps, each of which was fulfilled with professionalism and predictability. Other people must know that what I promise will really happen.”

Lesson learned: “Lord, who may abide in Your tabernacle? Who may dwell in Your holy hill? . . . He who swears to his own hurt and does not change” (Ps. 15:1-4).

Indra Nooyi, 57, chair and CEO of PepsiCo, radiated quiet confidence as she sat across from me, legs crossed, for an interview in a Moscow hotel. An Indian-born U.S. citizen with a master’s degree in management from Yale, Nooyi was ranked as the world’s most powerful businesswoman by *Fortune* magazine from 2005 to 2010. Pressed for her secret for success, she replied that it was a desire to learn from everyone, from world leaders to her housekeeper.

“I look for people who have a story to teach me,” she said. “It could be a world leader who has a very interesting perspective on a particular issue. I might do more research on that person. Likewise, it could be a PepsiCo salesperson or a janitor at PepsiCo. There was a secretary at PepsiCo who went through a lot of problems, and I learned a lot from that person. I talk to the person who cleans our home. She has a tough life, and I listen to her stories for hours because I want to understand how somebody who lives her life can still smile through it all.”

Nooyi also showed a vulnerable side, saying it is important to learn every day because success—even her success—can be short-lived. “We all look successful today, but we don’t know what we are going to look like and be like tomorrow,” she said. “At every point in life we should understand that success can be fleeting. You should make sure that you learn from everybody who is out there so as to better yourself as a person.”

Lesson learned: “Wise people store up knowledge” (Prov. 10:14).

5. Be humble.

Many people whom I spoke with were self-effacing and media-shy. But Antonio Linares, the managing director of Roca Russia, the local branch of the world’s largest maker of bathroom equipment, made a special effort to point out that humility is important because nothing can get a person into trouble like pride. The 42-year-old Spaniard, who opened seven factories in Russia in just eight years, said he constantly reminds his 2,500 employees: “Don’t put your ego on the table.”

“For example, we once had a never-ending discussion at one of our factories about where to put a window in a big wall,” Linares told me over lunch in a chic Moscow restaurant. “Some engineers said, ‘Why not here? The window has been placed here in every other factory in the world.’ Other engineers said, ‘But this is Russia, and the regulations say there has to be this much distance from here to here, so the window cannot go here. It has to be there and have these characteristics.’

“After some time it got to the point where we had to remind the people around the table: ‘Gentlemen, why do we need the window so badly? And why did we want it here so badly?’ The debate was the result of egos on the table.

“This is what I always suggest: Leave your ego in your pocket or, if possible, in the car. Don’t carry it close to your heart.”

Lesson learned: “Whoever exalts himself will be humbled, and he who humbles himself will be exalted” (Matt. 23:12).
6. Lead by example.

Arturo Cardelus, 70, pointed me toward a collection of silver paper stars affixed to the ceiling above his office desk at the Moscow headquarters of Ferrero, the Italian family-owned maker of such confectionary as Ferrero Rocher, Nutella, and Tic Tac.

“Values are very important. Look at all the stars there,” Cardelus told me. “All the stars have words on them: ‘encouragement,’ ‘creativity,’ ‘openness,’ ‘humanity,’ ‘fairness,’ and ‘trust.’ These are the values we push in this company.”

Cardelus’ values are rooted in his grandfather, the prominent Spanish comic playwright Pedro Muñoz Seca, who was killed by a firing squad during the Spanish Civil War in 1936. Cardelus said that his grandfather showed honor by not writing for the opposition to save his life and that he, as his grandson, could never betray that honor.

I asked how he promotes those values to the more than 2,000 Russians whom he oversees at the company’s local operations, which he grew from just 150 people in eight years.

“The most important way,” he said, “is by example. You have to give a good example. Always. That’s the key. If you fail—if you fail once—that’s it; your credibility is gone. I have never failed once. I have never dreamed of failing, of not being honest, trustworthy, or credible—never, never, never. It’s part of my core being. This is the way I’ve always been. This is the way I’ve always run companies, and it’s always worked.”

Lesson learned: “He who says he abides in [Jesus] ought himself also to walk just as He walked” (1 John 2:6).

Then it struck me. All these lessons on success and leadership point to one thing: Love.

7. Love.

Perhaps Cardelus expressed the truth of love best when I asked him to share his secret for successfully managing people and business.

“The advantage I have is that I like people. I love people,” he said.

He said his employees, whom he always referred to as “my people,” are a tremendous source of inspiration. “I just want to grow them,” he said. “People are like the biblical parable of the talents. I have to leave them better than when I got them. I have to, or what . . . are we here for? You have to leave things richer, better. You know, when you go upstairs, our Friend is going to ask: ‘OK, what did you do in life?’ What am I going to say: ‘Oh, yes, we made the budget every year’; ‘I never missed an appointment’; ‘I went to every meeting on time?’”

Cardelus said he makes every effort to know what people are feeling, and succeeds by being open and never playing games. “I know what they have inside because I’m very open. As you can see, I’m extraordinarily open, totally transparent, and they respond to me.”

That begged a question. “It sounds like a key part of leadership is the ability to be transparent,” I said.

“To be, not the ability to be,” Cardelus gently chided me. “I’m not putting on a show. No, I’m always very clear, very transparent, very open. I never try to play games. . . . Lead with the heart.”

Lesson learned: “‘You shall love the Lord your God with all your heart, with all your soul, and with all your mind.’ This is the first and great commandment. And the second is like it: ‘You shall love your neighbor as yourself’” (Matt. 22:37, 38).

This is the biggest secret to success, and it comes directly from Jesus, the greatest Leader of all: “Love one another” (John 13:34).
Here you are,” says the young mother as she places six pounds of wriggling humanity on my lap. “Would you like to hold her? Her name is Yvonne.”

In sharing her treasure, Elizabeth knows how I feel about babies. Years ago she had heard me speak of the sacred miracle of human reproduction at a church where I served as pastor. Now, Elizabeth is a physician with firsthand knowledge about such things. She gave birth three days ago.

At her invitation, her parents, sister, and two lively nephews are gathered in her home to welcome Yvonne into a wonderful family. My wife, Fredonia, and I are happy to join the clan. A big dinner is planned. Grandma has brought the entrée and cake.

Yvonne, smartly dressed in pink pajamas, is in my hands! Legs, arms, fingers, all functioning. I size her up. She’s so little! Her face is a bit wrinkled, and her head seems a little squeezed; or am I imagining things? She’s new, so new! But now she’s agitated, about to cry. “Don’t you like me?” I whisper, enclosing her little body firmly in my hands and holding her close. She relaxes and falls asleep. “She’s used to close quarters,” I say to Grandpa, who, from across the room, smiles with a suggestion of envy. He’s a physician. “Wasn’t he at her birth? He’s had his turn!” I say to myself.

Conversation. Good conversation! So much to talk about! I express astonishment that so soon after giving birth, Elizabeth appears to enjoy being host! Fine, smart, warmhearted family! But the little princess is squirming—puckering up! Tenderly I increase my hold on this precious bit of humanity, my hands completely around her as I press her to my chest. Can she hear my heart—feel me breathe? Does my voice, resonating through her tiny frame, bring assurance and comfort? She relaxes. Something within me moves. “It’s good for her to hear a man’s voice,” I say to the new father. He’s busy arranging chairs. “Children need to hear their dad’s voice. Wouldn’t you agree?” He smiles indulgently.

Yvonne
An embrace, a memory, and the promise of a future

By Oliver L. Jacques
Now my little friend is awake. Her eyes open. She yawns, works arms and legs. I place my pinky in her wee hand. She grips it and holds on! I clear my throat and sniff with emotion. “—and those eyes!” I exclaim, “incredible TV cameras coordinated by a foolproof computer right here!” I gently touch the back of her head. “She’ll get her eyes focused soon.” Again she’s restless, insecure. Carefully, I press her to my heart. We both feel better.

“What are you thinking about? Are you in a trance or something?” It’s Fredonia. “Just thinking,” I reply.

Holding a baby is, for me, an act of worship. My heart overflows with thoughts and feelings about God. “I’m an old man—older than the pope,” I sometimes say to clerks at the supermarket as they help me load the groceries. My legs don’t work well; my back aches. My fingers, bent with arthritis, hit the wrong keys on the computer. The knees are bad. My heart, with its mechanical valve, needs strengthening. I’m overdue for a cataract job. I could use a new hearing aid. When I preach, I need help getting off the platform!

Don’t laugh! It’s not funny!

Besides, times are scary. Sometimes I feel insecure, sort of shaky. My inner soul needs to resonate to God’s voice. I need to feel Him breathe, need to be close to His heart of love. Yes, I need Him to hold my gnarled hand. And—I’d like to know how He feels about His restless, helpless children; the ones created to look and be like Him! Familiar words from Scripture wash through my mind, bringing peace, assurance, and understanding. I remember His words; “As one whom his mother comforts, so I will comfort you” (Isa. 66:13). I think of the Good Shepherd who carries the lambs in His bosom. And then there is His promise: “I am with you always, even to the end of the age” (Matt. 28:20).

Here’s a very old man. He’s in the Temple in Jerusalem, “waiting for the Consolation of Israel” (Luke 2:25). What’s that in his arms? A tiny, newly born peasant babe from Nazareth! Did His mother’s five-day ride on a donkey hasten the time of His birth? As the aging Simeon holds Baby Jesus to his yearning heart, he knows that this “seed” of Eve will, as our flesh and blood brother, overcome evil and bring salvation to both Jews and Gentiles. But look at the baby! His eyes, His hands! Can I share the old man’s epiphany as I hold little Yvonne?

I recall reading about Theodore Roosevelt. He’s retired, body wracked with pain and malaria. A tough man, he once led the famous “Rough Riders.” Remember, the fearless U.S. president with the “big stick”? Well, one day he’s standing in the parlor with a new grandchild in his arms. He’s not talking; not laughing. The old man’s crying. Yes—weeping—tears running down his cheeks! It’s the wonder of it all, I guess. “It’s all right, Mr. President. We understand. It’s all right!”

Well, Yvonne is growing. She’s now a bright-eyed schoolgirl with a beguiling smile. Actually she studies at home—her mom’s wisely giving her the very best education. Thank you, Elizabeth—yes, and you too, Dad and Grandpa and Grandma, for a transcendent, unforgettable visit!

A big hug for you, Yvonne. One day soon, if faithful, you and I will get acquainted, really get to know each other! Do you know what I’d like to do? I’d love to take a walk with you, maybe even run with you along the river of life. You know, the one that flows from the throne of God—in a better, safer world!

* The “Rough Riders” was a name given to the 1st United States Volunteer Cavalry, which was raised in 1898 during the Spanish-American War.

Oliver L. Jacques served as pastor, teacher, missionary, and administrator. He passed away in September 2012.
Few concepts in the Bible are so consistently asserted throughout its pages as the claim that God is the Creator of the universe and life. From the very first verse (“In the beginning God created . . .” [Gen. 1:1] to the last chapter (“I am . . . the Beginning and the End” [Rev. 22:13]) Scripture repeatedly affirms that what brought all things into existence was the creative activity of God. Such unequivocal clarity conflicts with the naturalistic models of origins predominant in secular academic thought, which do not accept the idea of the Creator God or the possibility of His interaction with nature.

The Bible not only identifies God as the author of creation, but also depicts Him as actively and intentionally engaged in the process. This is clearly conveyed by the account of Creation in Genesis 1, where the verbs describing God’s role (created, said, saw, divided, called, made, set, blessed) are in the active form and associated with a direct object.

What Can We Know and What Can We Not Know?

If the Bible is explicit in indicating God’s agency in creation, what can be said about the mechanisms of creation? Does Scripture provide insights about the processes God used in His endeavor? The book of Job seems to make a case for a limited ability for humans to attain knowledge of how God unfolded His creative powers. In talking to Job, Elihu stresses how “God thunders marvelously with His voice; He does great things which we cannot comprehend” (Job 37:5). Later in the book God Himself presents Job with an extensive review of the wonders of creation (Job 38-41), finally leading to Job’s famous recognition: “I have uttered what I did not understand, things too wonderful for me, which I did not know” (Job 42:3). This inability to comprehend the creative power of God is a fundamental aspect of the human condition and is not because of a lack of willingness or application. This view is clearly expressed in the following statement by Ellen White: “Just how God accomplished the work of creation in six literal days He has never revealed to mortals. His creative works are just as incomprehensible as His existence.”

It is also true, however, that the Bible contains countless invitations to ponder aspects of the natural world as a way to become more acquainted with the character of God and His ideal for His creatures. David, for example, explains how his thoughts take form when considering “Your heavens, the work of Your fingers, the moon and the stars, which You have ordained” (Ps. 8:3). Therefore, even if the process of creation may be inaccessible to us, what results from it (the “creation”)
invites investigation and appears intelligible. We can note this ambivalence even in the passage where God humbles Job through His challenging questions. God asking Job penetrating questions directs Job’s attention to observable aspects of the marvels of creation. This function of science, as a way to connect with God, is beautifully affirmed in another statement by Ellen White: “Under the direction of the Omniscient One shall we, in the study of His works, be enabled to think His thoughts after Him.”

**Balancing Two Extremes**

Considering what the Bible says about probing the beginnings of our world, scientific investigation of origins should maintain a balance between two extremes. On the one side lies the risk of leaving God out of the picture. Scientific methods help us understand, often in minute details, the operations of some physical phenomena. Unfortunately, rather than eliciting wonder and gratitude to the Creator, this knowledge may lead to a false sense of domination and self-reliance. When we miss that knowing how something works does not mean we know how it was created, we get trapped by the temptation first heard in Eden: “You will be like God” (Gen. 3:5).

At the opposite end of the spectrum lies a vision of science as a dangerous taboo. Scientific research is suspicious. This attitude makes religion look like an attempt to control humanity by keeping it ignorant. Satan tried to portray God in a similar way when he asked Eve in Eden: “Has God indeed said, ‘You shall not eat of every tree of the garden?’” (Gen. 3:1). Through this insinuating question, the serpent suggested that God did not want humans to experience creation, when in fact God had planted those very trees so that humans could eat from their fruit.

When we engage in discussing some aspects of God’s creative acts, therefore, we need to avoid these two potential extremes. In this spirit the following reflections are offered as explorative suggestions from a limited human perspective.

**Did God Create Me?**

One of the first questions about the mode of divine creation is the issue of *fiat* creation. The Latin word *fiat* implies the appearance of fully functional systems in immediate response to God’s command. The Genesis account of creation is quite clear that God spoke things into existence. This concept is reinforced in several other biblical texts, such as Psalm 33:6: “By the word of the Lord the heavens were made, and all the host of them by the breath of His mouth.”

On the other hand, we also experience the formation of new things, which are not made instantaneously by the voice of God, such as the coming to the world of a new baby. This reality, however, is not in conflict with the original *fiat* creation. God is still the author of everything, by working through the laws He ordained to govern physical systems in time.

**Created Entities: Static or Dynamic?**

A second area of potential confusion is the idea that it is perfect, fruit of processes. The Hebrew Bible affirms that God did not want humans to experience creation, when in fact God had planted those very trees so that humans could eat from their fruit.

**Creation**

God is Creator of all things, and has revealed in Scripture the authentic account of His creative activity. In six days the Lord made “the heavens and the earth” and all living things upon the earth, and rested on the seventh day of that first week. Thus He established the Sabbath as a perpetual memorial of His completed creative work. The first man and woman were made in the image of God as the crowning work of Creation, given dominion over the world, and charged with responsibility to care for it. When the world was finished it was “very good,” declaring the glory of God. (Gen. 1; 2; Ex. 20:8-11; Ps. 19:1-6; 33:6, 9; 104; Heb. 11:3.)

---

August 2013 | Adventist World 25
FUNDAMENTAL BELIEFS

helps us understand that not everything we see faithfully reflects the original condition of created entities.

Out of Nothing or From Preexisting Material?

Another important question about creation asks if God works from preexisting material or if He does not need any starting ingredients but can really make things ex nihilo (a Latin expression that means “out of nothing”).

The Bible clearly asserts that God has the capability to create ex nihilo and that indeed He did so. “All things were created through Him and for Him. And He is before all things” (Col. 1:16, 17; cf. Heb. 11:3). Nevertheless, the Genesis account does show God can also create things using preexisting materials, the prime example being the creation of man from “the dust of the ground” (Gen. 2:7).

Determinism and Free Will

A final question about God’s creative activity concerns the amount of control He exerts in governing the mechanics of the systems He created. Does God purposely determine the occurrence of every phenomenon, from the specific trajectory of a grain of sand transported by a river to the exact recombination of genetic material from the chromosomes of parental cells? This issue is very important, especially in discussions about free will and the manifestation of evil in nature.

The New Testament portrays Jesus as the Sustainer of the universe—after all, “in him all things hold together” (Col. 1:17, NIV). This means that there is no reality without God. However, sustaining is different from determining. God may provide a setting for things to exist, where multiple outcomes of a certain phenomenon have the opportunity to occur. From the perspective of humans, laws may regulate some of these outcomes, whereas others cannot be predicted beforehand. These two ways for things to happen are commonly referred to as “necessity” and “chance.” These impersonal words convey the impression of a mechanical world functioning without God. However, what we experience as “necessity” and “chance” could in fact be intentional ways in which God allows free will to become possible.

A Matter of Faith

In conclusion, scientific investigation may help elucidate some aspects of the processes God chooses to interact with nature. At the same time, although science may give us a deeper appreciation for the greatness of the Creator, understanding how God made the world remains a matter of faith. “By faith we understand that the universe was formed at God’s command, so that what is seen was not made out of what was visible” (Heb. 11:3, NIV). It was no different for Adam and Eve, who woke up in a marvelous world whose creation they had not witnessed. As they were, so are we privileged to explore that marvelous world and grow in appreciation for its wonderful Creator.

Further Resources

If you would like to dig deeper into some of the issues discussed in the article check the following resources.


4. Additional resources:
www.grisda.org
http://grisda.wordpress.com/
www.facebook.com/GeoscienceResearchInstitute
The first week, in which God performed the work of creation in six days and rested on the seventh day, was just like every other week. . . . The weekly cycle of seven literal days, six for labor and the seventh for rest, which has been preserved and brought down through Bible history, originated in the great facts of the first seven days. . . .

But the infidel supposition, that the events of the first week required seven vast, indefinite periods for their accomplishment, strikes directly at the foundation of the Sabbath of the fourth commandment. It makes indefinite and obscure that which God has made very plain. It is the worst kind of infidelity; for with many who profess to believe the record of creation, it is infidelity in disguise. . . .

Infidel geologists claim that the world is very much older than the Bible record makes it. They reject the testimony of God’s Word because of those things which are to them evidences from the earth itself. . . .

Bones of men and animals are found . . . showing that much larger men and beasts once existed. . . . Because the bones found are so much larger than those of men and animals now living, or that have existed for many generations past, some conclude that the earth was populated long before the record of creation, by a race of beings vastly superior in size. . . . Those who reason in this manner have limited ideas of the size of men, animals, and trees before the flood, and of the great changes which then took place in the earth.

Without Bible history, geology can prove nothing. Relics found in the earth do give evidence of a state of things differing in many respects from the present. But the time of their existence can be learned only from the inspired record. . . . When men leave the Word of God, and seek to account for His creative works upon natural principles, they are upon a boundless ocean of uncertainty. . . .

The Word of God is given as a lamp unto our feet, and a light unto our path. Those who cast His Word behind them, and seek by their own blind philosophy to penetrate the mysteries of Jehovah, will stumble in darkness. . . .

God has given sufficient evidence upon which to base faith, if [one] wishes to believe. In the last days, the earth will be almost destitute of true faith. Upon the merest pre-tense, the Word of God will be considered unreliable, while human reasoning will be received, though it be in opposition to plain Scripture facts. Men will endeavor to explain from natural causes the work of creation. But just how God wrought in the work of creation He has never revealed to men. . . .

“The secret things belong unto the Lord our God; but those things which are revealed belong unto us and to our children forever.” Men professing to be ministers of God raise their voices against the investigation of prophecy, and tell the people that the prophecies, especially of Daniel and John, are obscure, and that we cannot understand them. Yet some of these very men eagerly receive the suppositions of geologists, which dispute the Mosaic record. But if God’s revealed will is so difficult to be understood, certainly men should not rest their faith upon mere suppositions in regard to that which He has not revealed. . . . In [God’s] providence men, beasts, and trees, many times larger than those now upon the earth, were buried at the time of the flood, and thus preserved to prove to man that the inhabitants of the old world perished by a flood. God designed that the discovery of these things in the earth should establish faith in inspired history. But men, with their vain reasoning, make a wrong use of these things which God designed should lead them to exalt Him. They fall into the same error as did the people before the flood—those things which God gave them as a benefit, they turned into a curse, by making a wrong use of them. ■

This article was first published in Signs of the Times, March 20, 1879. Seventh-day Adventists believe that Ellen G. White (1827-1915) exercised the biblical gift of prophecy during more than 70 years of public ministry.
I will briefly describe how the list is put together, then discuss its significance.

1. **Content of the Genealogy:** This genealogy begins with the pre-Israelite history from Adam or Creation (1 Chron. 1:1-3) to the Flood (verse 4), and from the post-Flood nations (verses 5-26) to Abraham (verse 27). From this point on, the list of names is restricted to the sons of Abraham through Hagar (verses 29-31), Keturah (verses 32, 33), and Sarah (verse 34). The genealogy narrows down even more by listing only the descendants of Isaac (Esau [verses 35-54] and Israel [1 Chron. 2:1, 2]). At this point we reach what seems to be one of the main genealogical interests of the biblical writer: Israel as the people of God. The tribes that came out of Jacob/Israel are listed beginning with Judah (1 Chron. 2:3-4:23). The intention of this section is to take the reader to David and his descendants (1 Chron. 3:1-24). Other descendants of Judah are also listed (1 Chron. 4:1-23).

Then the descendants of the other tribes are given. It has been suggested that the list of the tribes follow a general geographical pattern. Judah is at the center and the next one mentioned is Simeon (verses 24-43), one of its closest neighbors. The movement is from south to north, east of Jordan (Reuben [1 Chron. 5:1-10]; Gad [verses 5:1-22]; the half tribe of Manasseh [verses 23-26]; and Levi [1 Chron. 6:1-80]). This is followed by the northern tribes of Issachar (1 Chron. 7:1-5), Benjamin (verses 6-12), and Naphtali (verse 13), and concludes with a movement from the north to the south (Manasseh [verses 14-19]; Ephraim [verses 20-29]; Asher [verses 30-40]; and Benjamin/Saul [1 Chron. 8:1-40]). In chapter 9 we find a genealogical list of those who returned from exile, with a primary emphasis on the Levites (verses 1-34). We finally return to the genealogy of Saul, thus preparing the way for the reign of David (verses 35-44).

2. **Significance of the Genealogy:** First, it is obvious that this genealogy is a compressed history with a global dimension. It begins by affirming the historical facts of Creation and the Flood, and closes with the beginning of the reign of David. But it also includes the Exile and the return from the Exile, providing an element of hope. At a time when the people of God were discouraged as a result of the destruction of Jerusalem, the Temple, and a return from the Exile that was depressing, God tells them that they are part of a history over which He is Lord. This history has not come to an end but remains open to His guiding hand, as it has been in the past.

Second, history is depicted as a result of the human capacity, given by God, to generate children. This begetting traces the human race to a common ancestor created by God in His image: Adam. This particular genealogy binds the people of God to the human race in a bond of existential solidarity that should exclude prejudices of any kind. The birth of Abraham in the list takes us back to his election to be used by God to bless all nations of the earth.

Third, this genealogy, based on the amount of space assigned to it, places the emphasis on David and the priesthood (Levites). Genealogies were sometimes instrumental in the divine assignment of specific religious and social responsibilities and privileges to some persons, but every individual had a role to play in the arena of history by the simple fact of being begotten.

In the Bible the offices of king and priest play an important role as instruments used by God to represent the saving work and ministry of Jesus in whom the kingly and priestly offices congeal. Jesus was not simply the son of Mary. He was the Son of God in a unique way, and to Him His Father assigned a unique responsibility that He willingly accepted: the redemption of the human race.

There is much to learn from biblical genealogies. Next time you have to read one, don’t just read it, but study it carefully and reflectively. You will find embedded in the list of names many, many blessings.

---

My plan for reading the Bible in a year forces me to read chapters of genealogies. The longest list so far is 1 Chronicles 1-9. What are those chapters about?
Have you ever struggled with unanswerable questions? Have you ever wondered why certain things happened in your life? Does the future seem dark and uncertain? In this month’s Bible lesson we will discover not only how to live, but how to thrive, with uncertainty. We will examine biblical principles that enable us to accept what we cannot understand, embrace life’s challenges, and rejoice in the presence of the One who will never leave us or forsake us.

1. Is it necessary to accept the reality that we will not understand some things until eternity? Read Deuteronomy 29:29 to discover the answer.
   Our loving Lord will not explain some things until eternity. He invites us to live with uncertainty. All our questions will not be answered in this life.

2. Since we cannot understand everything, does that mean we cannot have peace of mind until we are able to understand why certain things happened? Read carefully Philippians 4:7. What do you discover?
   Paul wrote about “the peace of God, which surpasses all understanding.” While our minds may not understand, our hearts can still trust. When we live with uncertainty, we can still trust the One who holds the future in His hands, and rest in His love and care.

3. Why doesn’t Jesus answer all our questions now? Review John 16:12 to find an eternal principle.
   In His mercy Jesus does not answer all of our questions now. He explained to His own disciples that they could not “bear” to hear everything He wanted to tell them. If He revealed everything to us at once, it would overwhelm us.

4. Read John 8:12 and 12:35. What does Jesus tell us about living in uncertain times?
   Jesus invites us to walk in the light we have and not worry about the uncertainties on the road ahead. In times of our darkest need, Jesus reveals the light of His presence. He encourages us to embrace the light He reveals, to rest in the warmth of His presence, and to cherish the joy of knowing He will meet all of our needs (Phil. 4:19).

5. What assurance does Jesus give us in uncertain times? Notice the five things He promises in Isaiah 41:10.

6. Will our questions ever be answered? Will we have to live with nagging unanswered questions forever? Read 1 Corinthians 13:12.
   Today we see through a glass darkly. We live with uncertainty and unanswered questions. But the day is coming when God will reveal His answers to us, and we will marvel at His love, wisdom, and eternal power.

7. How can we thrive in life’s toughest times? Two scriptural passages provide an answer: 1 Peter 5:7 and 2 Corinthians 5:7.
   Jesus invites us to cast all of our “care upon Him.” We can throw the full weight of our anxiety on the Savior who died for us, now lives for us, and is soon coming again for us. Living by faith, trusting in His grace, we are secure in the midst of our uncertainties, now and forever.
OBITUARIES

McBryde, Pamela Margaret, born 20.12.1932; died 24.5.13 in Brisbane, Qld after a short illness. Pam graduated as a teacher from Avondale College in 1953, and taught in Adventist schools where she influenced the lives of countless young students. Music was a significant part of her life. At Avondale she joined the symphonic choir, and she subsequently organised many school choirs in different locations. She enjoyed attending concerts and playing the organ brought her a great deal of pleasure. Pam loved people, her many friends, her beloved sister, Betty Hallam, her nephew, Barry, and his boys, Daniel and Jared. She had the ability to bridge the generation gap. Pam and Betty spent their later years together at Brisbane Adventist Retirement Village.

Arthur, Bevlyn May (nee McPaul), born 19.5.1926; died 3.7.13 in Brisbane. Bevlyn graduated from the Adventist College aged 17. In 1945, she married Dudley, who predeceased her in 2010. Both Bev and Dudley grew up in Adventist families and enjoyed a life of service and adventure, spending many years as colporteurs. Bev was a vibrant and hospitable Christian whose door was always open to those in need. She was a beloved mother to Bevelyn Gorry, Juniece Perrett, Delmae Heise, Brendan, and Winsome Kanefec; and “Mamie” to 22 grandchildren and 27 great-grandchildren. The couple moved from Cooranbong to Brisbane in later life, where Bev drove the Brisbane Adventist College bus, and then the Adventist Retirement Village bus.

Law firm in Melbourne: McMahon Fearnley Lawyers Pty Ltd. Areas of law include the sale and purchase of property, litigation, commercial transactions (including shareholder and partnership agreements, franchising and leasing), wills, estates and probate applications. Adventist lawyers include Lloyd McMahon and Michael Brady. Please call (03) 9670 0966 or email <mb@mcmahonfearnley.com.au>

Reduced price quality satellite kits for Adventist television and radio. Full instructions for easy DIY installation, photos, technical support. $235 plus freight. Australia only (02) 6361 3636.

Projectsors, screens, wireless microphones, amplifiers, speakers etc. Lower prices for Adventist institutions. Australia only. Contact Trish, <greenfieldssenterprises@bigpond.com> or phone (02) 6361 3636.

Finally...

“Our lives begin to end the day we become silent about things that matter.” —Martin Luther King Jr.

Next Adventist World Sept 14

POSITIONS VACANT

Media response assistant—Adventist Media Network (Wahroonga, NSW). The media response assistant is a full-time position working in the Discovery Centre as a key person in handling requests from the public for offers and information. The position involves: day-to-day management of the database system for recording requests; providing frontline communications by handling phone and web enquiries; coordinating the ministry resources of DVDs and other printed material; contacting local church representatives when enquiries are received from their areas; and processing outgoing mail in response to offers. The successful applicant must be a baptised member of the Seventh-day Adventist Church with full commitment to its message, mission and lifestyle. He/she should have interest, skills and experience in: working within a small team of dedicated staff and volunteers; effective communication—both on the phone and written; attention to detail and accuracy; willing to take the initiative and to assist in other areas as needed; and competent use of computer systems and databases. Overseas applicants must ensure they satisfy Australian working visa requirements before applying for this position. Applications and enquiries should be directed to: Kelvin Dever, Corporate Services, Adventist Media Network on (02) 9847 2222 or email <corpserv@adventistmedia.org.au>. Applications close August 19, 2013.

Chief executive officer—Seventh-day Adventist Schools (NNSW) Ltd (Newcastle, NSW). Commencing 2014, a newly created full-time senior management position is available as part of a major restructure within the education ministry of the North New South Wales Conference. The successful candidate will provide strategic leadership and high level management oversight of the education company and report directly to the Board of Directors. In consultation and co-operation with conference administration, education directors and local school principals, the chief executive officer will provide the leadership necessary to manage a large and complex education system in order to achieve positive outcomes in the areas of Adventist mission, educational excellence, strategic positioning for future growth, and financial accountability and strength. For a more detailed job description email Pastor Paul Geelan <paulgeelan@adventist.org.au> or for any inquiries about the role contact Pastor Justin Lawman on (02) 4951 8088, or email <justinlawman@adventist.org.au>. Forward written applications for this position to: Chairman, Seventh-day Adventist Schools (North New South Wales) Limited, PO Box 7, Wallsend, NSW 2287 or email to <justinlawman@adventist.org.au>. Please note only Australian and New Zealand residents need apply. Applications close August 30, 2013.

Sign up for job updates and find more vacant positions at <adventistemploymen.org.au>.
“God’s message—never more than an arms length away”

This Sabbath your offering supports Adventist evangelistic publications.

“No thanks. I don’t watch TV or DVDs; I love to read,” or so said a young man in turning down Adventist DVDs in favour of a Signs of the Times magazine recently. It may seem an echo from the past, but whether it is the physical Signs in your hands, or the web version on your screen, we’re finding that many people still have “the need to read”. There is nothing quite like slowly absorbing a message through text. And after 125 years, Signs remains a vital, contemporary vehicle to spread God’s love whether online or in hand.

Jacky Yang accepted Christ after stumbling upon a Signs of the Times magazine in prison. So convicted of the truth, Yang even led a group of seven inmates in Bible study and he was baptised. Yang’s former cellmate was granted parole and has been baptised.
This Sabbath, your offering supports Bible studies.

The Discovery Centre is where all our media contacts are directed to if they want to speak to somebody about Jesus, learn more about our message or better understand the Bible. Every year the centre receives close to 10,000 requests for Adventist material and Bible studies. The Discovery Centre is key, by the grace of God, to turning media interests from our broadcasts and publications into Adventist Christians.

“God’s message—never more than an arms length away”

“"It seems that whenever I have had questions about the Bible, the next issue of lessons addresses it. I mentioned to you that I am interested in finding out about baptism, and you kindly offered me the chance of a visit from one of your representatives. This would be wonderful.”

— Discovery course student