Epistemological Model

Domains	Absolute Knowing	Transitional Knowing	Independent Knowing	Contextual Knowing
Role of learner	Obtains knowledge from instructor	• Understands knowledge	Thinks for selfShares views with othersCreates own perspective	 Exchanges and compares perspectives Thinks through problems Integrates and applies knowledge
Role of peers	Shares materialsExplain what they have learned to each other	Provide active exchanges	Share viewsServe as a source of knowledge	• Enhance learning via quality contributions
Role of instructor	 Communicates knowledge appropriately Ensures that students understand knowledge 	Uses methods aimed at understandingEmploys methods that help apply knowledge	 Promotes independent thinking Promotes exchange of opinions	 Promotes application of knowledge in context Promotes evaluative discussion of perspectives Student and teacher critique each other
Evaluation	• Provides vehicle to show instructor what was learned	• Measures students' understanding of the material	• Rewards independent thinking	 Accurately measures competence Student and teacher work toward goal and measure progress
Nature of knowledge	• Is certain or absolute	• Is partially certain and partially uncertain	 Is uncertain – everyone has own beliefs Knowing and Reasoning in C 	• Is contextual; judge on basis of evidence in context

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